

The impact of heat waves on the elderly living in Australia: How should a heat health warning system be developed to protect them? (article)

Author(s): van Iersel R, Bi P

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Abstract:

Heat waves with extreme temperatures are increasingly being recognised as an important public health problem, together with a need to develop appropriate public health interventions. Although heat waves cannot be prevented, their harmful health consequences can be reduced by the development and implementation of early warning systems that target vulnerable regions and populations. This is particularly important for Australian society, given its ageing population structure and vulnerable characteristics of ageing people. It is crucial that a heat health warning system (HHWS) for an ageing population be based on accurate information about the location of vulnerable people, their access to communication technology, the facilities available to them and their ability to respond effectively to a HHWS. This accurate information is critical for the development and implementation of such a system. More importantly, the right stakeholders should be identified, and public's perception and knowledge about heat waves should be evaluated.

Source: http://www.publish.csiro.au/?act=view_file&file_id=RJ08036.pdf

Resource Description

Communication: M

resource focus on research or methods on how to communicate or frame issues on climate change; surveys of attitudes, knowledge, beliefs about climate change

A focus of content

Communication Audience: M

audience to whom the resource is directed

Public

resource focus on systems used to warn populations of high temperatures, extreme weather, or other elements of climate change to prevent harm to health

A focus of content

Exposure: M

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

Climate Change and Human Health Literature Portal

Temperature Temperature: Extreme Heat Geographic Feature: **☑** resource focuses on specific type of geography Rural Geographic Location: M resource focuses on specific location **Non-United States** Non-United States: Australasia Health Impact: M specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure Injury Intervention: M strategy to prepare for or reduce the impact of climate change on health A focus of content Mitigation/Adaptation: **☑** mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource Adaptation Population of Concern: A focus of content Population of Concern: M populations at particular risk or vulnerability to climate change impacts Elderly Resource Type: **№** format or standard characteristic of resource Review Timescale: M time period studied

Time Scale Unspecified

Page 2 of 2